

ESSEX JUNCTION, VT 05452

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

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APPLICATION NO.	Fi	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/683,985	,985 03/08/2002		Steven H. Voldman	BUR920020014 2597	
24241	7590	08/12/2004		EXAM	IINER
IBM MICR		RONICS OPERTY LAW	NADAV, ORI		
1000 RIVER STREET				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER

2811 DATE MAILED: 08/12/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commons	09/683,985	VOLDMAN, STEVEN H.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
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The MAILING DATE of this communication appe Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 Ju	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 June 2004.					
2a) ☑ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
 4) ☐ Claim(s) <u>1-38</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>1-25</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration. 						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>26-38</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	•					
The drawing(s) filed on 10 June 2004 is/are: a) ⊠ accepted or b) ⊡ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attackersontal						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	atent Application (PTO-152)				
J.S. Patent and Trademark Office	, — -					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 26, 28, 35 and 37-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Beasom (5,841,169).

Beasom teaches in figure 2 and related text a method of forming a diode, comprising the steps of:forming an anode 202 of a first conductivity type and a cathode 204 of a second conductivity type disposed below said anode on a first region of a substrate 201, wherein at least one of said cathode and anode comprise a plurality 207, 202 of vertically abutting diffusion regions; and etching said substrate adjacent said first region (column 4, lines 14-53) to form a plurality of isolation regions 209, 219, said cathode and anode being disposed between adjacent ones of said plurality of isolation regions, said plurality of isolation regions extending deeper into said substrate that said cathode and said anode.

Regarding claim 28, Beasom teaches in figure 2 and related text isolation regions comprise a plurality of insulation-filled trenches having sidewalls that are tapered.

Regarding claim 35, Beasom teaches in figure 2 and related text the step of forming said anode comprises the steps of:

forming a first doped region 202 abutting said cathode; and

forming a second doped region 207 on a surface of said substrate, said second doped region having a higher concentration of dopant than said first doped region.

Regarding claim 37, Beasom teaches in figure 2 and related text the steps of forming a plurality of diffusion regions 214, 215 of said second conductivity type on a surface of said substrate.

Regarding claim 38, Beasom teaches in figure 2 and related text the step of forming a plurality of second isolation regions 209, 219 that separate said plurality of diffusion regions from said cathode.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 29 and 31-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Beasom.

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Regarding claim 29, Beasom teaches in figure 2 and related text teaches substantially the entire claimed structure, as applied to claim 26 above, except the step of forming a second doped region of said second conductivity type disposed below said first doped region and contacting said substrate, wherein said first and second doped regions having different dopant concentrations.

Beasom teaches in figure 4 and related text the step of forming a cathode comprises forming a first doped region 403 of a second conductivity type abutting said anode 402; and forming a second doped region 404 of said second conductivity type abutting and disposed below said first doped region and contacting said substrate 401, said first and second doped regions having different dopant concentrations. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the step of forming said cathode comprises forming a first doped region 204 of a second doped region of said second conductivity type abutting and disposed below said first doped region and contacting said substrate, wherein said first and second doped regions having different dopant concentrations in Beasom's device in order to minimize the isolation leakage of the device.

Although Beasom does not explicitly state that layers 407, 402, 403 and 404 form a diode, layers 407, 402, 403 and 404 form a PN junction, and thus forming a diode.

Regarding claims 31 and 32, Beasom teaches in figure 2 and related text isolation regions are formed by a process comprising the steps of etching said substrate to form trenches and depositing at least one insulator and a fill material. Beasom does not

teach removing portions of said insulator outside of said trenches. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to remove portions of said insulator outside of said trenches in order to form the device as depicted in figure 2 of Beasom.

Regarding claim 33, Beasom teaches in figure 2 and related text the step of forming said cathode further comprises the step of forming a third doped region 206 disposed between said first doped region and said second doped region.

Claims 27 and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Beasom in view of Mack et al. (4,736,271).

Regarding claim 27, Beasom teaches in figure 2 and related text teaches substantially the entire claimed structure, as applied to claim 26 above, except a plurality of insulation-filled trenches having sidewalls that are substantially vertical.

Mack et al. Teach in figure 11, a plurality of insulation-filled structures having sidewalls that are substantially vertical. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to form the plurality of insulation-filled trenches of Beasom's device with sidewalls that are substantially vertical in order to simplify the processing steps of making the device.

Regarding claim 30, Beasom teaches in figure 2 and related text teaches substantially the entire claimed structure, as applied to claims 26 and 29 above, except forming a

second pair of isolation structures between said adjacent isolation regions and said anode.

Mack et al. teach in figure 11 forming a second pair of isolation structures 30 between said adjacent isolation regions 30 and anode 54, 60. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to form a second pair of isolation structures between said adjacent isolation regions and said anode in Beasom's device in order to provide better electrical isolation for the anode.

Claims 34 and 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Beasom in view of Robinson et al. (5,268,316).

Beasom teaches in figure 2 and related text teaches substantially the entire claimed structure, as applied to claims 26, 33 and 35 above, except a third doped region comprises a retrograde-doped region. Robinson et al. teach a third doped region comprises a retrograde-doped region (column 3, lines 36-47). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to form a third doped region comprises a retrograde-doped region in Beasom's device in order to provide low-reverse leakage, a relatively low voltage turn-on, and low series resistance for the current path from the junction to the diode contact.

Response to Arguments

Applicant argues that Beasom does not teach the claimed invention, because Beasom removes an entire portion of the single crystal substrate where the diode regions are subsequently formed and fills the region with polysilicon, and thus does not form isolation regions adjacent the first region without removing the region of the substrate where the device is formed.

Claim 26 recites etching said substrate adjacent said first region to form a plurality of isolation regions. The broad recitation of the claim does not preclude the first region from being etched. Therefore, Beasom teaches etching said substrate adjacent said first region to form a plurality of isolation regions, as claimed.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Papers related to this application may be submitted to Technology center (TC) 2800 by facsimile transmission. Papers should be faxed to TC 2800 via the TC 2800 Fax center located in Crystal Plaza 4, room 4-C23. The faxing of such papers must conform with the notice published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1989). The Group 2811 Fax Center number is (703) 308-7722 and 308-7724. The Group 2811 Fax Center is to be used only for papers related to Group 2811 applications.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or any earlier communication from the Examiner should be directed to *Examiner Nadav* whose telephone number is **(571) 272-1660**. The Examiner is in the Office generally between the hours of 7 AM to 4 PM (Eastern Standard Time) Monday through Friday.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the **Technology Center Receptionists** whose telephone number is **308-0956**

O.N. 8/5/04

ORI NADAV PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800